Nutritional Assessment of the Waril Tribals of Maharashtra State

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ABSTRACT Over the last few decades the subject of Anthropology has evolved from a mere descriptive phase to analytical phase and further to interpretative phase. In this process many sub-disciplines have modified their approach also in order to cope up with newer methodology. An integrative approach used in the present study is mainly to focus on the aim of the assessment, evaluation and interpretation of health, nutrition and child growth aspects of Warli tribal community of Maharashtra. The analysis described in this paper; 1) explore the role of anthropometry in predicting complications and outcome of nutrition, 2) derives the determinants of under nutrition intake and the consumption pattern and 4) highlight treatment, intervention and prevention strategies. For this study the methods include anthropometry, clinical signs of malnutrition, haemoglobinopathy, diet and socio-economic survey and health culture and in-depth interviews. A sample of 1553 children (808 male and 745 female) in a 4 to 10 year’s age range comprises approximately 515 families. Low calorie intake, food scarcity, lack of clean and hygienic drinking water, poor healthcare facilities and poor communication were some of the concluding results. Nutrition education, provision of safe drinking water facility, community involvement and participation in various programmes, monitoring and surveillance of growth and nutrition were some of the recommendations.